

Design, synthesis and biological activity of menadione-1,2,3-triazole chalcogenides

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ABSTRACT

Menadione and organochalcogen compounds are valued by chemists for their biological properties and versatility in organic synthesis.^{1,2} Our study aimed to design a combination of these scaffolds into a unique structure to achieve molecules with relevant biological profile. Chalcogenonaphthoquinone-1,2,3-triazole were synthesized via a "click" reaction between azide **1** derived from menadione and alkyne **2**, containing chalcogen atoms (Se and S), catalyzed by Cu(I).³ The method proved to be effective in the presence of electron-withdrawing and electron-donating groups linked to the aromatic rings of chalcogenides. Furthermore, it was also possible to evaluate different substituents in the R₁ portion of the menadione. Through this protocol it was possible to obtain 16 new molecules with moderate to good yields (34-93%) in short reaction times. The compounds exhibited promising activity against *Mtb* H37Rv, especially compounds **3a**, **3c**, **3g**, and **3h**, with MIC values < 7.37 μM.

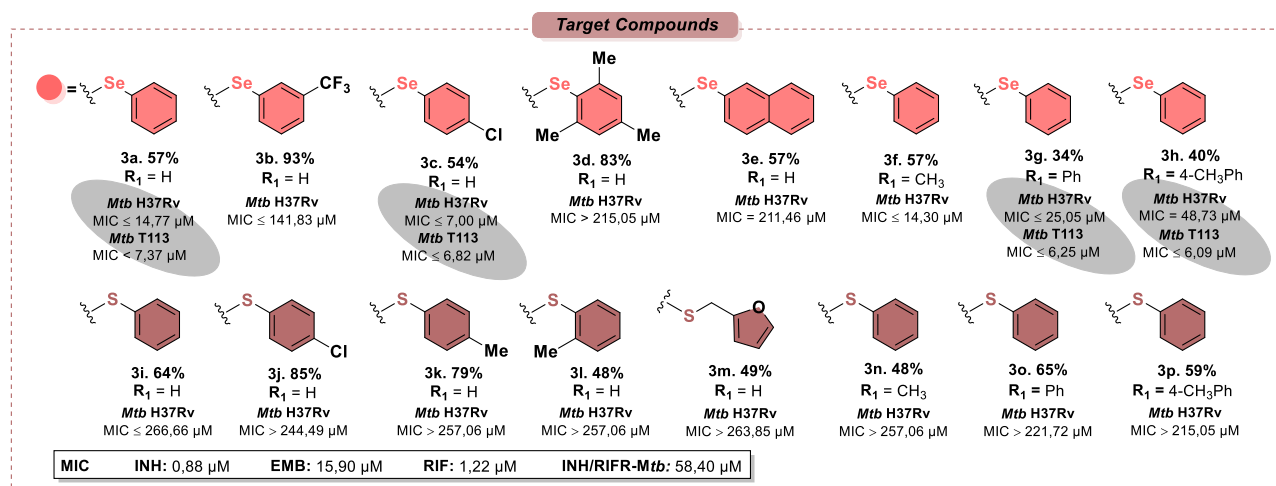


Figure 1. Synthetic route for obtaining chalcogenonaphthoquinone-1,2,3-triazole derivatives.

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